

Guam Early Intervention System (GEIS), Part C
4th Quarterly Report Period July 1, 2022 to September 30, 2022

Based on the data presented for report period July 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022. Indicators **1, 8A, 8B & 8C met the 100% compliance target requirement** for this quarterly reporting.

Requirements	Targets	Comments
Indicator 1: Percent Infants and toddlers with IFSPs who receive early intervention services on their IFSP's in a timely manner	<p><u>7/1/2022 to 09/30/2022</u> 100% (N=30/30)</p> <p>Target: 100% <i>Target MET</i></p>	<p>Indicator 1, as of this quarter, resulted in 100% (30/30) of children receiving early intervention services on their IFSP's in a timely manner service delivered within 30 days service was recommended in child's IFSP).</p> <p>Of the Thirty (30), twenty (20) received timely services, and ten (10) were exceptional circumstance.</p>
Indicator 7: Percent of eligible infants and toddlers with IFSPs for whom an initial evaluation and initial assessment and an initial IFSP meeting were conducted within Part C's 45-day timeline.	<p><u>7/1/2022 to 9/30/2022</u> 73.91% (N=17/23)</p> <p>Target: 100% <i>Target NOT MET</i></p>	<p>Indicator 7 resulted in 73.91% (17/23) of eligible children, with Initial IFSPs conducted within Part C's 45-day timeline for this quarterly report.</p> <p>Based on data this quarter, there were twenty-three (23) eligible children. Of these, four (4) children had their Initial IFSPs within Part C's 45-day timeline. Thirteen (13) were delayed due to exceptional circumstances (six were canceled sessions by parent, two were no response by parents to the calls or written notification, two were not show for session/meeting, three families requested to services to be on hold due to family reasons).</p> <p>Six (6) of the twenty-three were *program delays and their Initials IFSPs were not conducted within the Part C's 45-day timeline. *This was due to the shortages of staff/teams for the evaluations and meetings; resulting in schedules being full, delaying the initial referral/evaluations and eligibility/IFSP within the 45-day timeline).</p> <p><i>For the beginning of this quarter, we have been short a teacher, and in September, a social worker. These service providers are needed in order to complete a multidisciplinary team.</i></p> <p><i>These teams are challenged in conducting timely Initial IFSPs within 45 days; Primary Service Providers were covering other cases from those service providers who left the program, in addition to their own.</i></p> <p><i>GEIS continues to work to improve time lines in order to provide timely identification and develop appropriate IFSP plans for eligible children and their families.</i></p>

Guam Early Intervention System (GEIS), Part C
4th Quarterly Report Period July 1, 2022 to September 30, 2022

<p>Indicator 8: Percent of toddlers with disabilities exiting Part C with timely transition planning for whom the Lead Agency has:</p> <p>A. Developed an IFSP with transition steps and services at least 90 days, and at the discretion of all parties, not more than nine months, prior to the toddler’s third birthday;</p>	<p>A. Transition Plan: <u>7/1/2022 to 09/30/2022</u> 100% (N=22/22) Target: 100% Target MET</p>	<p>Indicator 8A resulted in 100% (22/22) of children with transition steps developed with families in the IFSP not fewer than 90 days—and, at the discretion of all parties, not more than 9 months—before the toddler’s third birthday.</p> <p>Based on data, there were twenty-five (25) children were at transition age. Of the twenty-five, twenty-two (22) had transition steps developed with families in the IFSP not fewer than 90 days—and, at the discretion of all parties, not more than 9 months—before the toddler’s third birthday. Three (3) did not have transition steps developed with families due to their Initial IFSP completed greater than (>) 33 months of age (over 33 months of age).</p>
<p>B. Notified (consistent with any opt-out policy adopted by the State) the SEA and the LEA where the toddler resides at least 90 days prior to the toddler’s third birthday for toddlers potentially eligible for Part B preschool services; and</p>	<p>B. Notification to LEA: <u>7/1/2022 to 09/30/2022</u> 100% (N=17/17) Target: 100% Target MET</p>	<p>Indicator 8B resulted in 100% (17/17) of toddlers exiting Part C and potentially eligible for Part B where notification to the LEA occurred not fewer than 90 days before the third birthday of the toddler with a disability if that toddler may be eligible for preschool services under part B of the Act.</p> <p>Based on data, twenty (20) children exited GEIS with LEA notification submitted during by this reporting period. Of these, three (3) of the LEA Notifications were of children who exited and who greater (>) than 33 months of age at the Initial IFSP.</p>
<p>C. Conducted the transition conference held with the approval of the family at least 90 days, and at the discretion of all parties, not more than nine months,</p>	<p>C. Transition Conference: <u>7/1/2022 to 09/30/2022</u> 100% (N=17/17) Target: 100% Target MET</p>	<p>Indicator 8C resulted in 100% (17/17) of toddlers having a transition conference as required in the IDEA, Part C. <i>Based on regulations: “If a toddler with a disability may be eligible for preschool services under part B of the Act, the lead agency, with the approval of the family of the toddler, convenes a conference, among the lead agency, the family, and the LEA not fewer than 90 days—and, at the discretion of all parties, not more than 9 months—before the toddler’s third birthday to discuss any services the toddler may receive under part B of the Act”.</i></p> <p><i>Based on the data, there were twenty (20) children with LEA notifications submitted to Part B. Of these, fifteen (15) were timely, with two (2) done late due to exceptional circumstances. Three (3) where greater (>) than 33 months of age at the Initial IFSP.</i></p>