Guam Early Intervention System (GEIS), Part C 3rd Quarterly Report Period April 1, 2022 to June 30, 2022

Based on the data presented for report period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Indicators 8A & 8B met the 100% compliance target requirement for this quarterly reporting.

Requirements	Targets	Comments
Indicator 1: Percent Infants and toddlers with IFSPs who receive early intervention services on their IFSP's in a timely manner	7/1/2021 to 6/30/2022 94.12% (N=128/136) Target: 100% Target NOT MET	Indicator 1, as of this quarter, resulted in 94.12% (128/136) of children receiving early intervention services on their IFSP's in a timely manner service delivered within 30 days service was recommended in child's IFSP). Of the hundred and thirty-six (136), one hundred and fifteen children (115) received timely services, and thirteen (13) were exceptional circumstance. There were eight (8) who were not timely due to <i>Program Delays:</i> one was due to delay in securing contractual OT service for one child, and seven received speech evaluations late due to numerous referrals for speech and autism assessments to be completed by the Speech Pathologist. In addition, there were nine (9) who had Initial IFSPs last quarter reporting, but timely services began during the month of April 2022. (These children all received timely services).
Indicator 7: Percent of eligible infants and toddlers with IFSPs for whom an initial evaluation and initial assessment and an initial IFSP meeting were conducted within Part C's 45-day timeline.	7/1/2021 to 6/30/2022 74.16% (N=66/89) Target: 100% Target NOT MET	Indicator 7 resulted in 74.16% (66/89) of eligible children, with Initial IFSPs conducted within Part C's 45-day timeline for this quarterly report. Based on data this quarter, there were eighty-nine (89) eligible children. Of these, Twenty (20) children had their Initial IFSPs within Part C's 45-day timeline. Forty-six (46) were delayed due to exceptional circumstances (nine were canceled sessions by parent, three were no response by parents to the calls or written notifications, one was a no shows from parents to meetings, one parent requested to services to be on hold due to family reasons). Twenty-three (23) of the eighty-nine children were *program delays* and their Initials IFSPs were not conducted within the Part C's 45-day timeline. *This was due to new service providers and teams who needed training with "seasoned" service providers on the evaluations and meetings; resulting in schedules being full and the delay in conducting the initial referral/evaluations and eligibility/IFSP within the 45-day timeline). *The program continues to support brand new service providers with support from seasoned service providers in order to provide on the job training and support in the facilitation of the process from referral to initial IFSP. Six of the 10 service providers are new to the program for FFY2021-2022. There are monthly training sessions on Early Childhood Coaching, Child Outcomes, and developing appropriate IFSPs with the support from our UOG CEDDERS TA. These resulted in our teams challenged in conducting timely Initial IFSPs within 45 days; Primary Service Providers were covering other cases from those service providers who left the program, in addition to their own. This summer, GEIS was short two teachers and a nurse to provide services. This added to the delays.

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Indicator 8: Percent of toddlers with disabilities exiting Part C with timely transition planning for whom the Lead Agency has: A. Developed an IFSP with transition steps and services at least 90 days, and at the discretion of all parties, not more than nine months, prior to the toddler's third birthday;	A. Transition Plan: 7/1/2022 to 6/30/2022 100% (N=84/84) Target: 100% Target MET	Indicator 8A resulted in 100% (84/84) of children with transition steps developed with families in the IFSP not fewer than 90 days—and, at the discretion of all parties, not more than 9 months—before the toddler's third birthday. Based on data, there were ninety-five (95) children were at transition age. Of the ninety-five, fifty-four (54) had transition steps developed with families in the IFSP not fewer than 90 days—and, at the discretion of all parties, not more than 9 months—before the toddler's third birthday. Three (3) were Done but late due to exceptional circumstances, twenty-seven (27) were NOT done due to exceptional circumstances. The remaining eleven (11) had their Initial IFSP > 33 months of age (over 33 months of age).
B. Notified (consistent with any opt-out policy adopted by the State) the SEA and the LEA where the toddler resides at least 90 days prior to the toddler's third birthday for toddlers potentially eligible for Part B preschool services; and	B. Notification to LEA: 7/1/2022 to 6/30/2022 100% (N=49/49) Target: 100% Target MET	Indicator 8B resulted in 100% (49/49) of toddlers exiting Part C and potentially eligible for Part B where notification to the LEA occurred not fewer than 90 days before the third birthday of the toddler with a disability if that toddler may be eligible for preschool services under part B of the Act. Based on data, sixty (60) children exited GEIS with LEA notification submitted during by this reporting period. Of these, eleven (11) of the LEA Notifications were of children who exited and who greater (>) than 33 months of age at the Initial IFSP.
C. Conducted the transition conference held with the approval of the family at least 90 days, and at the discretion of all parties, not more than nine months,	C. Transition Conference: 7/1/2022 to 6/30/2022 91.84% (N=45/49) Target: 100% Target NOT MET	Indicator 8C resulted in 91.84% (45/49) of toddlers having a transition conference as required in the IDEA, Part C. Based on regulations: "If a toddler with a disability may be eligible for preschool services under part B of the Act, the lead agency, with the approval of the family of the toddler, convenes a conference, among the lead agency, the family, and the LEA not fewer than 90 days—and, at the discretion of all parties, not more than 9 months—before the toddler's third birthday to discuss any services the toddler may receive under part B of the Act". Of on data, there were 60 children with LEA notifications submitted to Part B. Of these, eleven (11) where greater (>) than 33 months of age at the Initial IFSP. Of the remaining forty-nine (49), thirty-six (36) had timely transition conferences, nine (9) received a transition conference late due to Parent Delays, and four (4) program delays (The delays were a result of scheduling challenges with the teams).